Learning About the Physical Geography of Latin America

1. Get your copy of the unlabeled physical features map for the Latin America Mapping Lab, Challenge 1.

2. Select one of the physical features listed below. Find it on a physical map of Latin America in *Geography Alive! Regions and People*.

3. Locate and label that same feature on your Challenge 1 map.
   (**Hint**: Is there no room to write your label? Draw a line from the feature to a place where you have more room to write.)

4. Repeat Steps 2 and 3 until you have found and labeled all 15 physical features.

**Physical Features of Latin America**

A set of latitude and longitude coordinates is given for each feature. If you have trouble finding a feature, the coordinates will help you get close to its location.

|   | 1. Andes Mountains  
   | (20°S, 65°W)        | 2. Mexican Plateau  
   |                      | (25°N, 105°W)       | 3. Brazilian Highlands  
   |                      |                     | (20°S, 45°W)        |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 4 | Yucatán Peninsula    
   | (20°N, 90°W)         | 5. Cape Horn         
   |                     | (55°S, 70°W)         | 6. Pampas             
   |                     |                      | (35°S, 60°W)         |
| 7 | Sierra Madre Occidental  
   | (20°N, 105°W)        | 8. Isthmus of Panama  
   |                     | (8°N, 80°W)          | 9. Amazon Basin       
   |                     |                      | (5°S, 65°W)          |
| 10| Caribbean Sea        
   | (15°N, 75°W)         | 11. Amazon River     
   |                     | (0°, 50°W)           | 12. Atacama Desert    
   |                     |                      | (20°S, 70°W)         |
| 13| Lake Titicaca        
   | (15°S, 70°W)         | 14. Rio Grande       
   |                     | (30°N, 105°W)        | 15. Gulf of Mexico    
   |                     |                      | (25°N, 90°W)         |
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