# A Widespread System of Segregation

### Gathering the Facts

1. Turn to pages 78–79 of the Atlas. Read the overview. Also look at map A, "Jim Crow Laws." Use the information to answer the following questions.

**a.** What is a name for a system of discrimination?

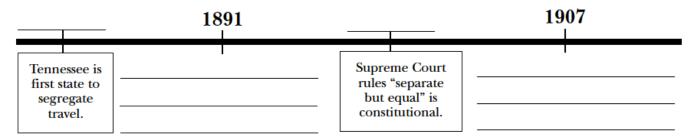
**b.** Which amendment gave all males over 21 the right to vote?

c. When and where were the first restrictions on African American voting rights?

**d.** What were two ways that African Americans were kept from voting?

## History Through Maps

**2.** Read the overview again. Also look at map A. Use the information to complete the timeline below.



### ★ Links Far and Near

3. Look at map B, "The Great Migration." For each pair of statements, write C next to the cause and E next to the effect.

a. \_\_\_\_\_ African Americans in the South face economic and social hardships.

African Americans look for better opportunities.

**b.** \_\_\_\_\_ Factory owners encourage African Americans to move north.

World War I cuts off supply of immigrant labor.

**c.** African Americans move to northern cities.

Southern African American communities lose population.

# **№** People and Cultures

4.		Look at graph C, "Black Migration," and map B. Write ${f T}$ if the statement is true and ${f F}$ if the statement is false.							
	a.	Mississippi, Georgia, and South Carolina had the greatest annu							
			population loss.						
	b.		California had the greatest gain in African American population.						
	c.		_ Florida is the only Southern state to gain African Americans during						
	d Chicago and New York tripled their African American popula								
	between 1910 and 1930.								
	e.	In 1900 very few African Americans lived in Cleveland or Detroit.							
≽ <b>a</b> . Dl.	2000	Dogion	s and La	ndecanos					
	African American periodicals by 1930.								
	a.	Boston			e.		Memphis		
	b.	New York			f.		Detroit		
	c.	Chicago			g.	g. Kansas City			
	d.	Birmingh	am		h.		St. Louis		
Thinking About History									
6.	Look at photos E and F. Use the information to complete the following article.								
	The Jazz Age took place during the decade of the Jazz							Jazz was	
	brought from the to cities such as New York and Chicago.								
	American musicians in jazz bands entertained club-goers, radio								
		listeners, and record buyers throughout the country.							
		The black literary movement of the 1920s and 1930s was known as the							
		, which was made up of many of the era's							
		most talented writers was one of the key figures of							

the movement.